The Role of Higher Education for achieving the SDGs:
Local implementation of the SDGs in Nan Province, Thailand

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APFSD Side-Event Programme
Introduction and Background

- SDGs and implementation in local level

- Community Situations
localizing of SDGs in Thailand

(Roadmap for localizing the SDGs: Implementation and monitoring at subnational level)

- **AWARENESS-RAISING**: getting to know the SDGs at subnational level

- **ADVOCACY**: including a subnational perspective in national SDG strategies

- **IMPLEMENTATION**: the SDGs go local

- **MONITORING**: evaluation and learning from our experiences
Introduction and Background

• SDGs and implementation in local level

• Community Situations
  ▫ Rural area: Agricultural area
  ▫ Economic problems and health from chemical use
  ▫ Land problems and forest enhancement from agriculture (maize or others)
  ▫ Pollution; air, water and land
  ▫ Unsecure livelihood & human insecurity
  ▫ Livelihood changing
Introduction and Background

• SDGs and implementation in local level

• Community Situations

To seek a method of implementing and adapt the SDGs at local (community) level in Thailand.
Area study: Sathan @ Pua, Nan province, Thailand

- Agriculture production and price
- Poor & unsecure job, low income,
- Low education, aging society
- Land & natural resource (water, etc.)
- Forest encroachment & burning for plantation
Methodology

- Qualitative research
  - Focus group interview
  - Community work shop
  - Interview
  - Observation

- SWOT

- GIS survey
## Community SWOT

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<th>S:</th>
<th>W:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td>Disaster, flood</td>
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<tr>
<td>Located</td>
<td>Risk of youth/ next Gen.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tourism</td>
<td>Overcrowded form urbanization</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ecological study</td>
<td>Economic problems</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sufficiency Community</td>
<td>Health problem from chemical usage</td>
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<tr>
<th>O:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Natural resource</td>
<td>Encroachment (forest)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Learning center of SE</td>
<td>Water supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tourist attraction</td>
<td>Farmers population decrease</td>
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<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>Aging society</td>
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localizing of SDGs in Thailand
(Roadmap for localizing the SDGs: Implementation and monitoring at subnational level)

- **Awareness-Raising**: getting to know the SDGs at subnational level
- **Advocacy**: including a subnational perspective in national SDG strategies
- **Implementation**: the SDGs go local
- **Monitoring**: evaluation and learning from our experiences
Implementation: Goals by Stakeholders

- Farmer
- Fishery
- Resident
- (Local) Government
- Tourism (business, tourists)
- Monk, Local wisdom man, spiritual
Basic principle of Sathan SDGs

Livelihood (Human Security)

Social

Sathan

Economic

Environment
Future Plan

- Increasing awareness of SDGs & understanding concept
- Add up advocacy from local level, strengthening local policy from top down to bottom up
- Improve security living
  - Decreases unsecure economic status; secure job, marketing, etc.
  - Using local product and sharing by building up social capital among communities
  - Create new generation to continue community work
  - Health issue; reduce chemical use in agriculture
- Networking for future sustainable life in local area
Learning

- **Who**: Developing SDGs knowledge for local residents and Research staff.
- **How**: Transformation academic knowledge (SDGs concept) to community by using new tools.
- **When**: Sustainable process is networking and young generation.
- **What**: Develop in local level for self sustainable.
- ‘No future with out present security’